United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF

Docket No.

74-1173

IN THE

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

DELPHINE E. PLOURDE, Plaintiff-Appellee

VS.

SHERBURNE CORPORATION, Defendant-Appellant

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Vermont Honorable James S. Holden, Chief U.S.D.J.

REPLY BRIEF OF DEFENDANT-APPELLANT



Ryan, Smith & Carbine, Ltd. Attorneys for Defendant-Appellant, Mead Building Rutland, Vermont 05701

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page		
I. A MOTION FOR DIRECTED VERDICT OR A MOTION TO SET			
ASIDE A VERDICT AND JUDGMENT ON THE GROUNDS THAT			
THERE IS "NO EVIDENCE" RAISES A QUESTION OF LAW			
FOR REVIEW.	1		
COVER METON	•		
CONCLUSION	2		
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE			
TABLE OF CASES			
Banker vs. Dodge & Hemmings, 126 Vt. 534, 537, 237 A.2d 121, 124 (1967)	1		
Dindo vs. Denton, 130 Vt. 98, 110, 287 A.2d 546, 553 (1972)	1		
O'Brien vs. Dewey, 120 Vt. 340, 347, 143 A.2d 130, 134 (1958)	2		

A MOTION FOR DIRECTED VERDICT OR A MOTION TO SET
ASIDE A VERDICT AND JUDGMENT ON THE GROUNDS THAT
THERE IS "NO EVIDENCE" RAISES A QUESTION OF LAW
FOR REVIEW.

The Plaintiff on Page 7 of her Brief states "Defendant's Motion to set aside the verdict * * * * * was addressed to the sound discretion of the Trial Court". <u>Dindo vs. Denton</u>, 130 Vt. 98, 110, 287 A.2d 546, 553 (1972).

The full quotation from Dindo, supra, is as follows:

"Defendant's Motion to set aside or, in the alternative, to order a remittitur was addressed to the discretion of the Trial Court. Banker vs. Dodge & Hemmings, 126 Vt. 534, 537, 237 A.2d 121 (1967).

In Banker vs. Dodge & Hemmings, 126 Vt. 534, 537, 237 A.2d

121, 124 (1967) and in Dindo, supra, the Court was referring

to Motions attacking the amount of the damages awarded. In

the case at Bar, at the close of the Plaintiff's case, the

Defendant moved for a directed verdict on the ground that

there was "no evidence" of negligence on the part of the

Defendant as a part of the proximate cause of the accident. (Tr.213)

At the close of all the evidence the Defendant renewed its Motion for directed verdict and stated there was "no evidence" of negligence and the Plaintiff assumed the risk. (Tr. 316) In Defendant's Motion to set aside the judgment order and verdict the Defendant again stated there was "no evidence to support the verdict". (Doc. No. 21, App. 15)

In O'Brien vs. Dewey, 120 Vt. 340, 347, 143 A.2d 130, 134 (1958) the Court stated that a Defendant's Motion to set aside the verdict based on the grounds that there is no evidence to support the verdict presents a question of law which is subject to review.

CONCLUSION

The verdict and judgment should be set aside and judgment should be entered for the Defendant for failure to prove causation and assumption of the risk.

Respectfully submitted,

SHERBURNE CORPORATION

A Member of the Firm of

Ryan, Smith & Carbine, Ltd.,

Mead Building,

Rutland, Vermont 05701

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I served the foregoing Reply

Brief for Sherburne Corporation by mailing two copies

of the same, postage prepaid, to Bloomer & Bloomer, Esquires,

75 Merchants Row, Rutland, Vermont 05701.

June 10, 1974

Nabinion Elleys,